News

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics PO Box 193766 San Francisco, CA 94119-3766



CONTACT:

Stanley P. Stephenson (415) 975-4373 Nancy A. Treadwell (415) 975-4403 Public Information Line (415) 975-4350 Internet address: http://www.bls.gov/ro9news.htm Fax on demand (415) 975-4567, Document 9540 BLS 01-43 FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 5, 2001

HIGHLIGHTS OF RENO, NV NATIONAL COMPENSATION SURVEY FEBRUARY 2001

Workers in the Reno, Nevada, metropolitan area averaged \$14.22 per hour during February 2001, according to a new survey released by the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Regional Commissioner Stanley P. Stephenson reported that white-collar workers averaged \$18.15 per hour and accounted for 42 percent of the workers in the area. Blue-collar employees averaged \$14.09 per hour and represented 21 percent of the workforce, while the remaining 36 percent worked in service occupations and earned \$9.50 per hour. (See table 1.)

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) presents straight-time earnings for occupations in establishments employing 50 or more workers in private industry and State and local governments. The survey excludes agricultural establishments, private households, the self-employed, and the Federal Government. This NCS covered 142 firms representing 84,400 workers in the Reno metropolitan area, which includes Washoe County in Nevada. Eighty-one percent of those represented worked in private industry.

In the Reno metropolitan area, average hourly wages were published for nearly 40 detailed occupations. (See table 1.) Among white-collar workers, registered nurses averaged \$23.16 per hour; social workers, \$18.73; cashiers, \$9.36; and hotel clerks, \$8.37. Blue-collar occupations included truck drivers earning \$16.80 per hour, assemblers at \$9.66, and stock handlers and baggers at \$7.80. In the service occupations, cooks averaged \$10.42 per hour; maids and housemen, \$7.83; and waiters and waitresses, \$5.58.

The NCS also provides broad coverage of selected occupational characteristics. (See table 2.) For example, full-time employees in the Reno metropolitan area averaged \$14.64 per hour and part-time workers earned \$10.53. Union workers in blue-collar jobs averaged \$19.46 per hour; while their nonunion counterparts made \$11.74.

The NCS is a part of a statistical program that will eventually integrate three separate surveys of wages and benefits into one comprehensive compensation program increasing the amount of data available. Data provided by the NCS may be used by businesses for establishing pay plans, making decisions concerning plant relocation, and in collective bargaining negotiations. Individuals may use such data to help choose potential careers. Average rates of pay are also available for levels of work within an occupation based on knowledge, skill, independent judgement, supervision received and other factors required on the job.

Survey Availability

Complete survey results are contained in the National Compensation Survey, Reno, NV, February 2001 (Bulletin number 3105-66). While supplies last, single copies of the bulletin are available from the San Francisco Information Office by calling 415-975-4350. In addition, data contained in the bulletin are available on the Internet in both text and PDF formats at http://www.bls.gov/compub.htm. Select survey tables can also be obtained from Ready Facts, the Bureau's fax-on-demand service, in San Francisco by dialing 415-975-4567 and requesting document 9540.

For personal assistance or further information on the National Compensation Survey, as well as other Bureau programs, contact the San Francisco Economic Analysis & Information Office at 415-975-4350 from 9:00 a.m. to 11:30 a.m. and 1:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. pacific time.

Table 1. Mean hourly earnings,(1) all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Reno, NV, February 2001

| | Total | | Private industry | | State and local government | |
|--|----------------|---|------------------|---|----------------------------|---|
| Occupation(3) | Mean | Relative error ⁴ (percent) | Mean | Relative error ⁴ (percent) | Mean | Relative error ⁴ (percent) |
| All | \$14.22 | 3.3 | \$12.53 | 3.5 | \$21.45 | 6.9 |
| All excluding sales | 14.27 | 3.4 | 12.40 | 3.5 | 21.44 | 6.9 |
| White collar | 18.15 | 4.5 | 16.04 | 4.0 | 23.56 | 9.6 |
| White collar excluding sales | 19.21 | 4.9 | 16.91 | 4.2 | 23.55 | 9.6 |
| Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty | 26.13 28.48 | 9.2 10.5 | 21.90 24.06 | 4.1 3.2 | 31.37 32.44 | 16.1 17.1 |
| Engineers, architects, and surveyors | 29.96 | 5.4 | 28.75 | 4.1 | - | - |
| Mathematical and computer scientists Natural scientists | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Health related | 24.45 | 2.9 | 24.29 | 3.5 | - | _ |
| Registered nurses | 23.16 | 2.4 | 22.58 | 1.4 | - | - |
| Teachers, college and university | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Teachers, except college and university | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Social scientists and urban planners | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Social, recreation, and religious workers | 18.59 | 2.6 | - | - | - | - |
| Social workers | 18.73 | 2.5 | - | - | - | - |
| Lawyers and judges | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, | | | | | | |
| and professionals, n.e.c | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Technical | 18.36 | 6.5 | 17.80 | 7.4 | - | - |
| Licensed practical nurses | 16.40 | 2.1 | 16.36 | 2.2 | - | - |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 26.62 | 6.5 | 26.24 | 6.1 | 27.54 | 16.0 |
| Executives, administrators, and managers | 28.86 | 7.5 | 27.29 | 7.3 | - | - |
| Managers, service organizations, n.e.c | 23.09 | 3.2 | - | - | - | - |
| Managers and administrators, n.e.c | 30.48 | 8.1 | 30.74 | 9.7 | - | - |
| Management related | 21.84 | 4.5 | 22.95 | 5.3 | - | - |
| Construction inspectors | 24.32 | 8.9 | - | - | - | - |
| Sales | 13.67 | 9.0 | 13.61 | 9.1 | - | - |
| Supervisors, sales | 17.54 | 25.5 | 17.54 | 25.5 | - | - |
| Cashiers | 9.36 | 7.6 | 9.36 | 7.6 | - | - |
| Administrative support, including clerical | 13.87 | 4.6 | 12.45 | 5.8 | 17.03 | 6.2 |
| Secretaries | 14.34 | 6.7 | 13.67 | 5.6 | - | - |
| Hotel clerks | 8.37 | 4.2 | 8.37 | 4.2 | - | - |
| Receptionists | 9.92 | 4.1 | 9.78 | 4.0 | - | - |
| Bookkeepers, accounting and | | | | | | |
| and auditing clerks | 12.46 | 6.8 | 11.36 | 7.4 | - | - |
| Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks | 15.62 | 11.9 | 15.62 | 11.9 | - | - |
| Stock and inventory clerks | 12.44 | 8.6 | 12.44 | 8.6 | - | - |
| General office clerks | 14.54 | 2.8 | 12.43 | 5.7 | - | - |
| Administrative support, n.e.c | 16.09 | 11.0 | 10.40 | 8.0 | - | |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Mean hourly earnings,(1) all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Reno, NV, February 2001 (Continued)

| National Compensation Survey, Reno, NV, Februa | Total | | Private industry | | State and local government | |
|--|---|---|--|---|----------------------------|---|
| Occupation(3) | Mean | Relative error ⁴ (percent) | Mean | Relative error ⁴ (percent) | Mean | Relative error ⁴ (percent) |
| Blue collar | \$14.09 | 5.1 | \$13.95 | 5.5 | \$15.74 | 8.1 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c | 19.37 15.80 | 4.7 6.0 | 19.83 15.56 | 4.8 12.3 | 16.64 - | 6.2 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors | 11.03 9.66 | 4.8 4.0 | 11.03 9.66 | 4.8 4.0 | - | - |
| Transportation and material moving Truck drivers Industrial truck and tractor equipment | 14.93 16.80 | 8.6 3.6 | 14.93 16.80 | 8.6 3.6 | - | - - |
| operators | 16.17 | 15.0 | 16.17 | 15.0 | - | - |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers | 9.98 7.80 11.54 8.57 9.55 | 5.6 9.7 9.8 5.6 4.9 | 9.49 7.80 11.54 8.57 9.55 | 4.3 9.7 9.8 5.6 4.9 | | |
| Service Protective service Guards and police, except public service Food service Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders | 9.50 15.87 9.02 7.88 6.19 7.66 | 4.5 6.4 3.0 5.4 4.4 8.2 | 8.01 9.09 9.02 7.87 6.18 7.64 | 2.7 3.1 3.0 5.4 4.4 8.4 | 18.31 19.77 - - | 3.6 2.5 - - |
| Bartenders Waiters and waitresses Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants Other food service Supervisors, food preparation and service | 5.58 5.94 9.42 14.42 | 8.2 2.0 3.2 6.5 18.4 | 5.58 5.94 9.43 14.42 | 8.4 2.0 3.2 6.6 18.4 | - - - | - |
| CooksFood preparation and service Food counter, fountain, and related Kitchen workers, food preparation Food preparation, n.e.c | 10.42 6.20 8.33 7.20 | 3.0 10.1 4.4 3.3 | 10.44 6.20 8.33 7.20 | 3.0 10.1 4.4 3.3 | - - - | - - - |
| Health service Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants Cleaning and building service | 10.72 10.85 8.45 | 3.0 3.5 3.0 | 10.29 10.34 8.31 | 2.7 3.2 3.0 | - - - | - - - - |
| Maids and housemen Janitors and cleaners | 7.83 8.68 | 4.8 4.1 | 7.83 8.55 | 4.8 4.3 | - | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Mean hourly earnings,(1) all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government,

National Compensation Survey, Reno, NV, February 2001 (Continued)

| | Total | | Private industry | | State and local government | |
|-------------------------------|--------|---|------------------|---|----------------------------|---|
| Occupation(3) | Mean | Relative error ⁴ (percent) | Mean | Relative error ⁴ (percent) | Mean | Relative error ⁴ (percent) |
| Service (Continued) | | | | | | |
| Personal service | \$7.75 | 4.7 | \$7.47 | 4.7 | \$11.94 | 15.5 |
| Supervisors, personal service | 15.64 | 11.1 | - | - | - | - |
| Attendants, amusement, and | | | | | | |
| recreation facilities | 6.74 | 3.3 | 6.57 | 3.1 | - | - |
| Service, n.e.c | 9.79 | 15.4 | 9.79 | 15.4 | - | - |

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. 2 All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES, PRIVATE INDUSTRY, AND STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a confidence interval around a sample estimate.

Table 2. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings(1) by occupational group,(2) National Compensation Survey, Reno, NV, February 2001

Private industry and State and local government

16.43

19.46

22.02

18.04

13.63

16.16

26.93

13.66

12.76

11.74

16.54

10.70

12.82

9.02

8.23

26.62

11.73

13.87

13.84

19.38

11.03

14.48

9.98

9.50

19.95

Full-time Occupational group Part-time Time⁵ workers3 workers3 Union⁴ Incentive⁵ Nonunion⁶ \$14.64 \$10.53 \$17.79 \$13.34 \$14.05 \$19.53 All occupations..... All excluding sales..... 14.65 10.70 17.81 13.30 14.21 18.42 15.26 17.58 18.27 18.06 19.95 White collar..... White-collar excluding sales..... 19.25 18.67 17.64 19.64 19.21 Professional specialty and technical..... 26.74 22.92 26.60 26.13 29.71 23.38 29.43 28.48 Professional specialty..... 18.45 18.36 18.36 Technical.....

26.61

14.52

14.03

14.61

19.40

11.09

15.58

9.92

9.86

9.40

9.82

9.69

10.12

6.83

Executive, administrative, and managerial......

Sales.....Administrative support, including clerical......

Blue collar.....

Precision production, craft, and repair.....

Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors

Transportation and material moving.....

Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and lab

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

⁵ Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

Table 3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings(1) by occupational group,(2) private industry. National Compensation Survey. Reno. NV. February 2001

| industry, National Compensation Survey, Reno, N | v, rebruary | 2001 | | | | |
|---|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|--|
| | | Full-time a | and part-time workers | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | 100 workers or more | | | |
| | All | | | | | |
| | private | 50 - 99 | | 100 - 499 | 500 | |
| Occupational group | industry | workers ³ | Total | workers | workers | |
| | workers | | | | or more | |
| | | 7 | Mean | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| All occupations | \$12.53 | \$15.85 | \$11.69 | \$12.39 | \$11.14 | |
| All excluding sales | 12.40 | 15.76 | 11.70 | 12.42 | 11.18 | |
| White collar | 16.04 | 18.98 | 15.23 | 14.01 | 16.83 | |
| White-collar excluding sales | 16.91 | 22.25 | 16.08 | 14.60 | 17.74 | |
| - | | | | | | |
| Professional specialty and technical | 21.90 | 28.18 | 20.95 | 18.54 | 22.30 | |
| Professional specialty | 24.06 | 31.53 | 22.81 | 20.85 | 23.48 | |
| Technical | 17.80 | 19.79 | 17.56 | 16.56 | 18.76 | |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 26.24 | 33.88 | 24.06 | 23.28 | 24.34 | |
| Sales | 13.61 | 16.19 | 11.63 | 12.15 | 10.28 | |
| Administrative support, including clerical | 12.45 | 13.32 | 12.34 | 12.96 | 11.15 | |
| Blue collar | 13.95 | 15.91 | 12.79 | 12.91 | 12.54 | |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 19.83 | 20.64 | 18.58 | 19.85 | 17.26 | |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and | | | | | | |
| inspectors | 11.03 | 9.26 | 11.40 | 11.58 | 11.06 | |
| Transportation and material moving | 14.93 | 17.75 | 13.78 | 15.85 | - | |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, | | | | | | |
| and laborers | 9.49 | 8.42 | 10.01 | 9.55 | 11.60 | |
| Service | 8 O1 | 6 77 | g 11 | 8 00 | 8 12 | |
| Service | 8.01 | 6.77 | 8.11 | 8.09 | 8.12 | |

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

³ Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.